

# Preliminary retrievals of cloud properties from the AMF/COPS campaign

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# The cloud optical properties of interest are:

- Cloud optical depth  $\tau$  — the great unknown
- Radiative cloud fraction
- Cloud effective drop size,  $r_{eff}$

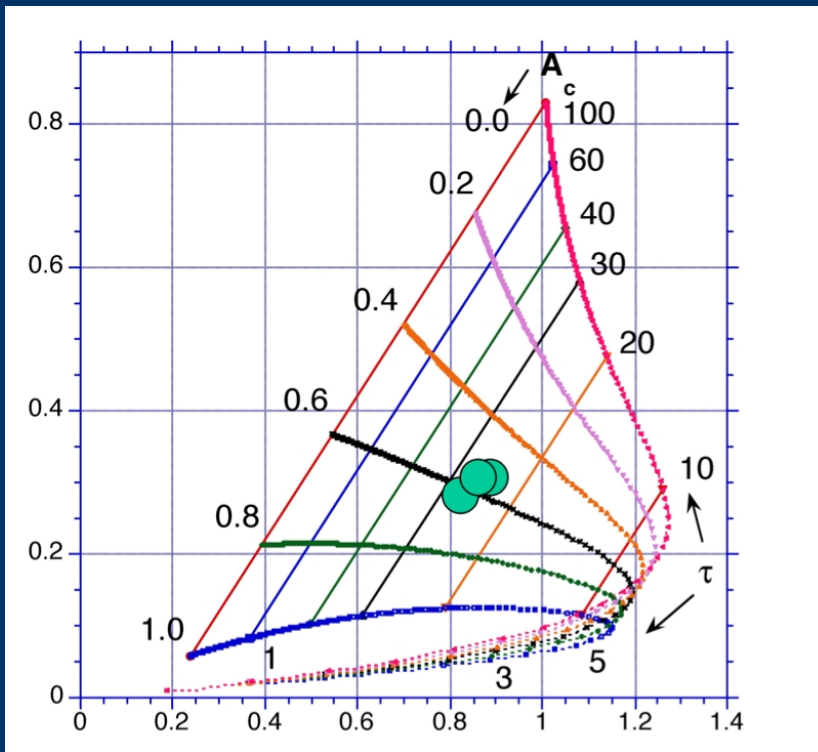
$$\tau = \frac{3 LWP}{2 r_{eff}}$$

$r_{eff}$  in  $\mu\text{m}$ ,  $LWP$  in  $\text{g}/\text{m}^2$

# The 2-ch narrow-field-of-view radiometer (2NFOV)

Retrieving cloud optical depth & effective cloud fraction using our REDvsNIR method

$$I_{870} - I_{673}$$



$$I_{870} + I_{673}$$



2NFOV during the COPS

# The AMF Cimel now works in "cloud mode"

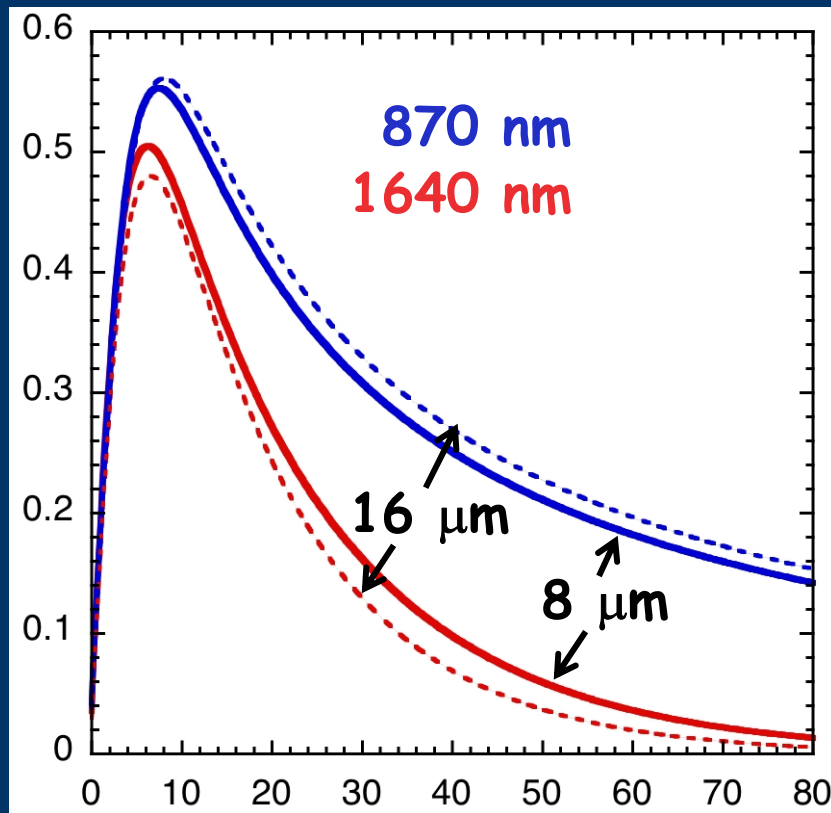


Normal aerosol mode  
(sun-seeking)



Cloud mode  
(zenith-pointing)

Using Cimel's data at 675, 870 & 1640 nm, we retrieve cloud optical depth, effective radius, and effective cloud fraction.



Zenith  
radiance

Cloud optical depth

We build LUTs:

$$I_{675} = I_{675}(\tau, A_c, R_{eff})$$

$$I_{870} = I_{870}(\tau, A_c, R_{eff})$$

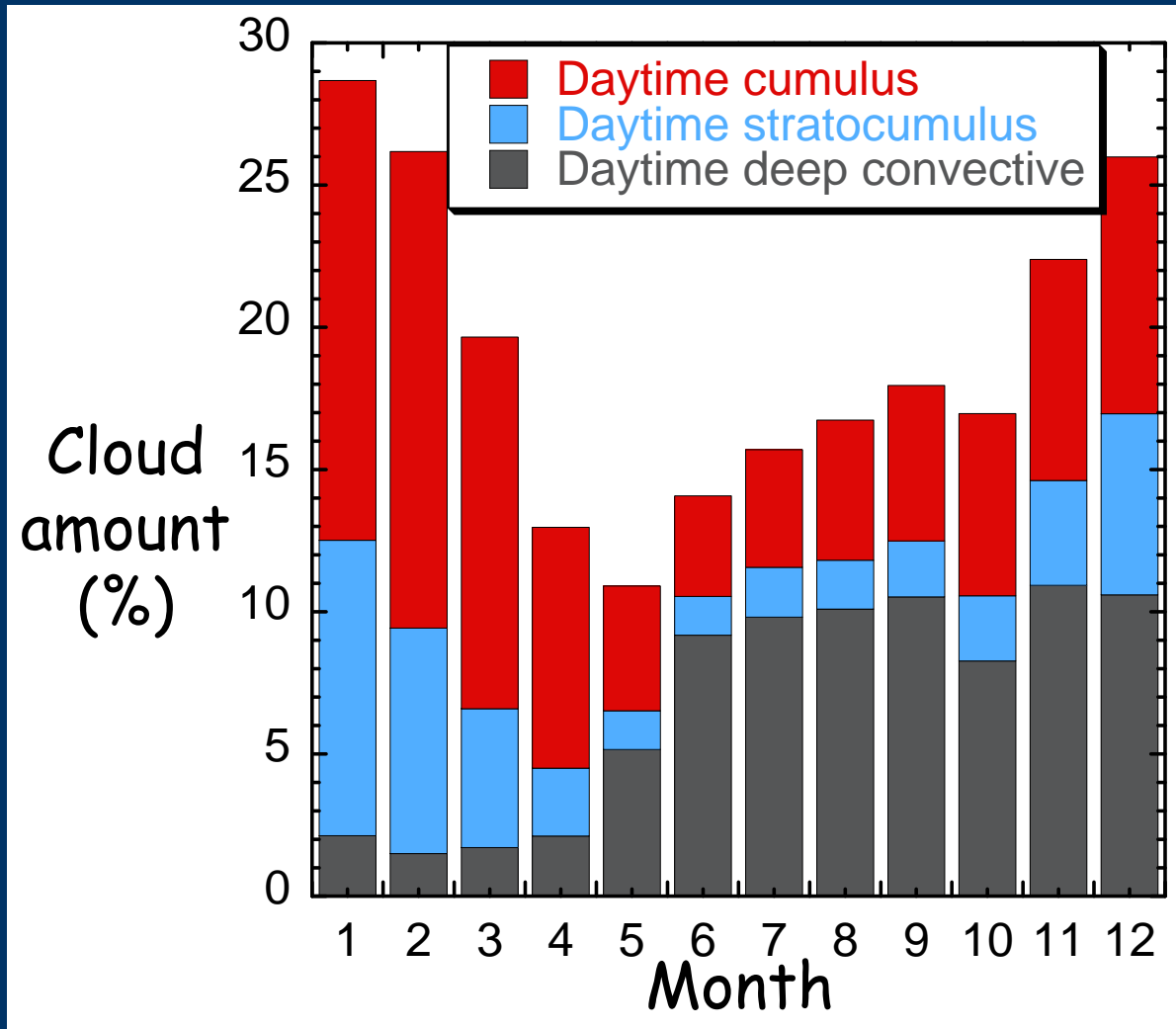
$$I_{1640} = I_{1640}(\tau, A_c, R_{eff})$$

# Multi-filter rotating shadowband radiometer (MFRSR)

works for overcast cases



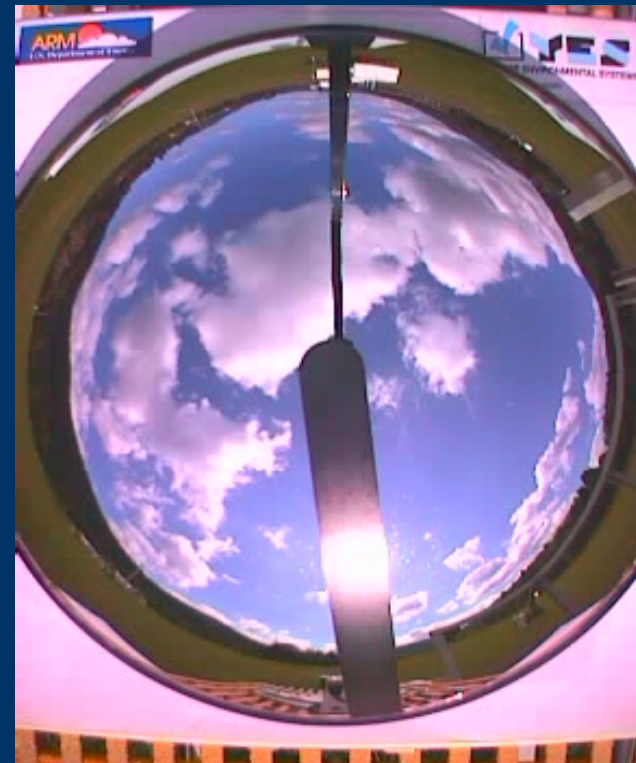
# ISCCP cloud fractions show a high degree of fractional cloudiness



# Microwave radiometer (MWR)



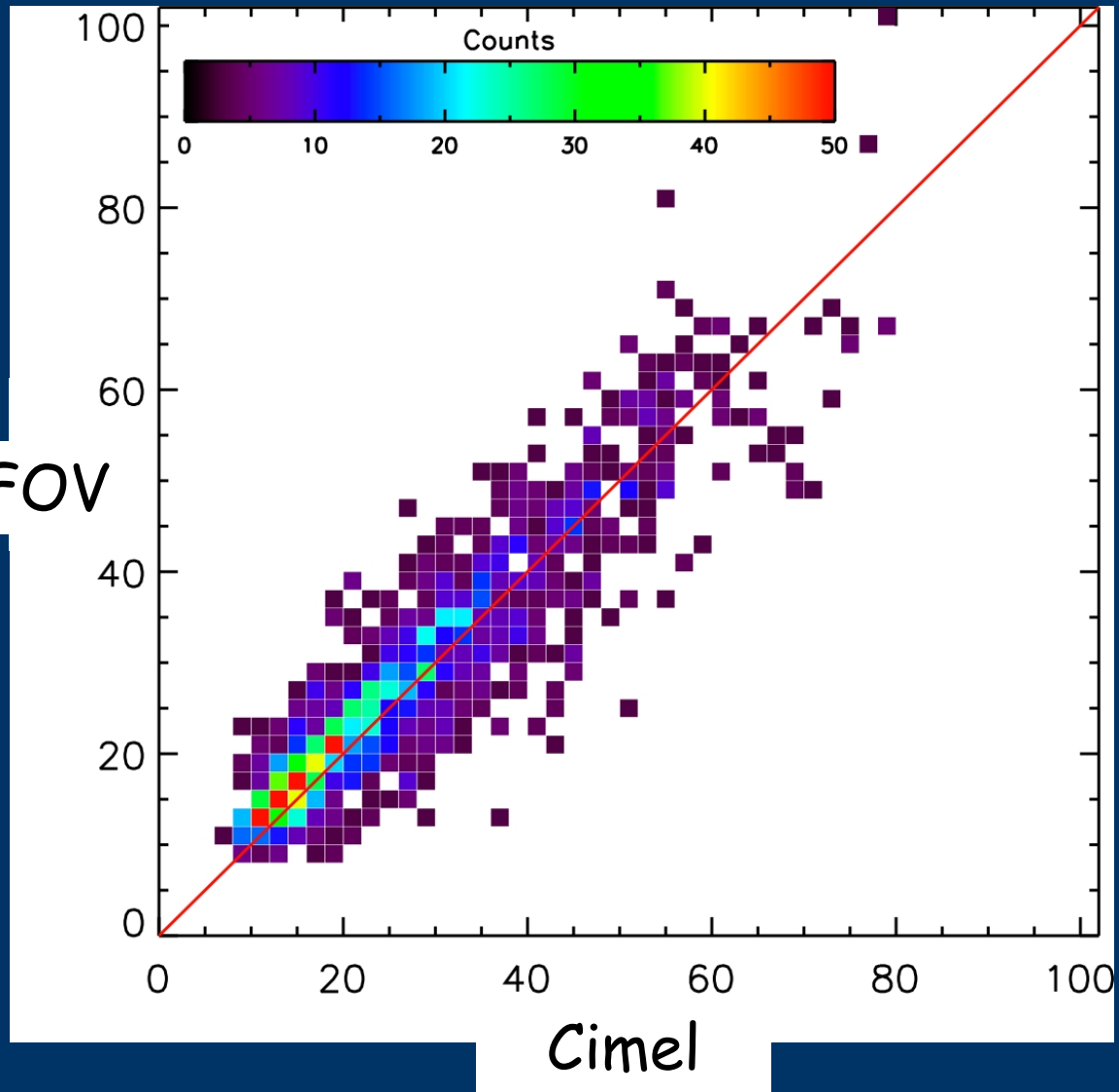
works for broken clouds too





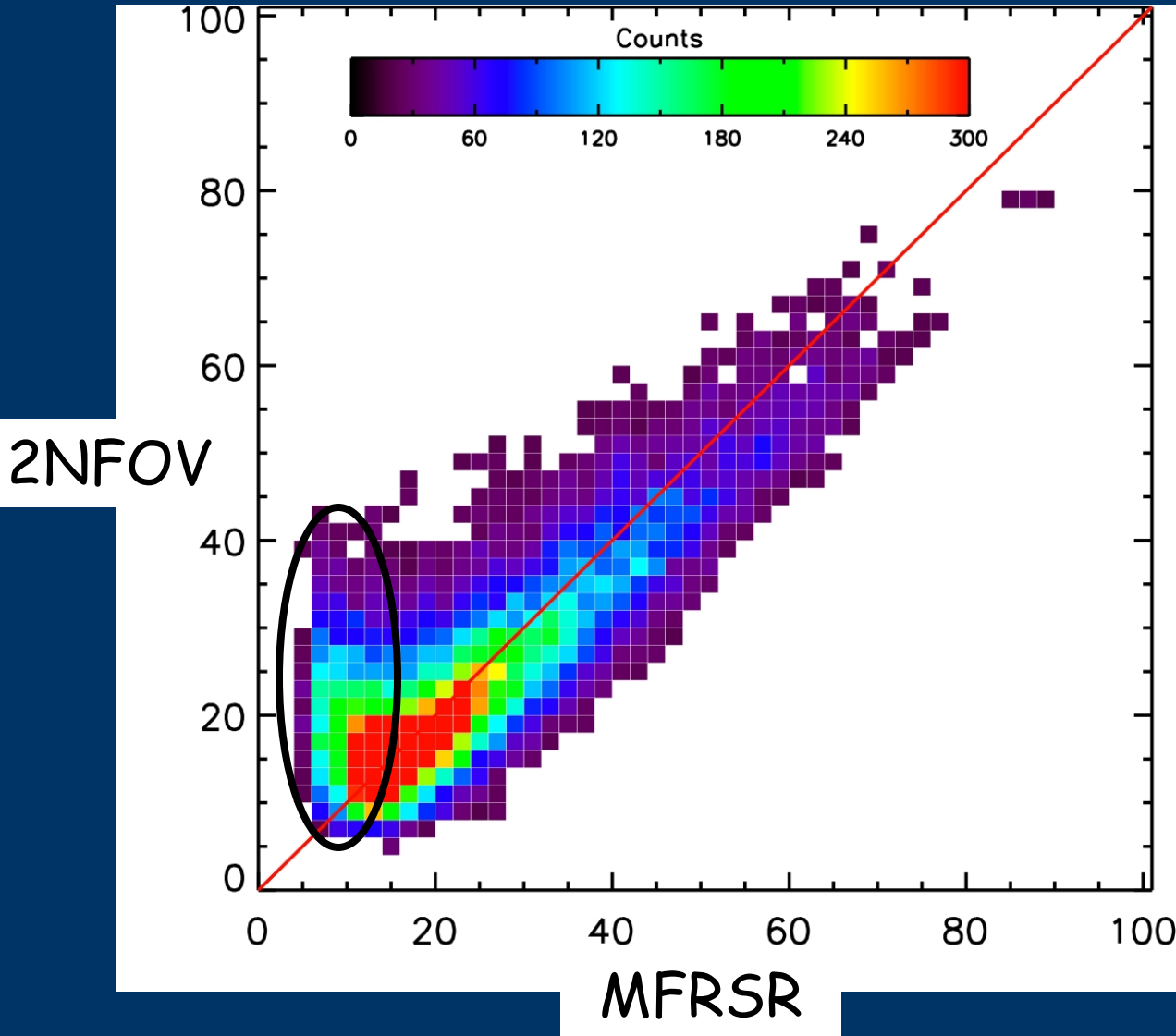
# Compare retrieved cloud optical depths from 2NFOV and Cimel

2NFOV



The majority of retrievals agree within 5.

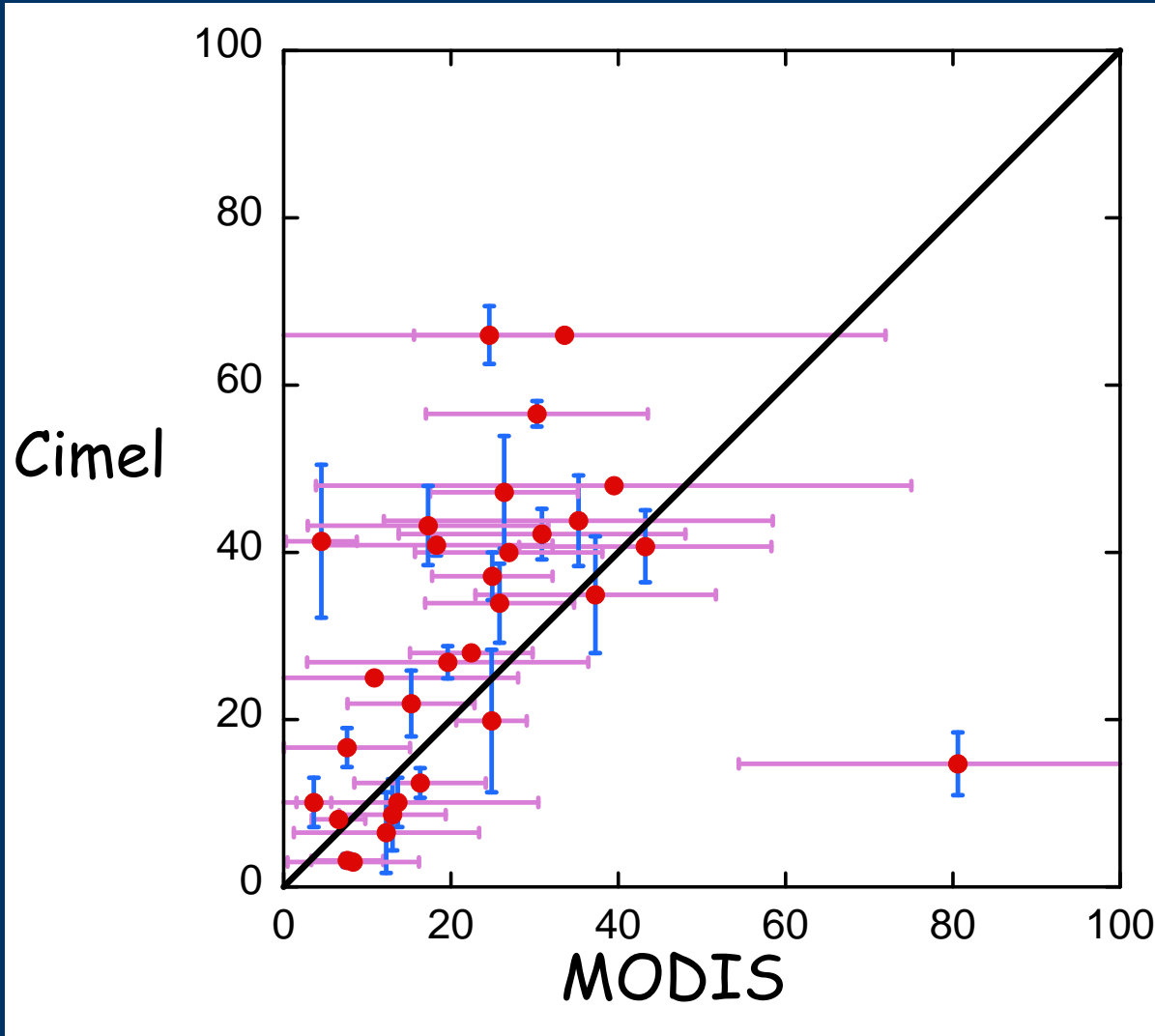
# Compare retrieved cloud optical depths from 2NFOV and MFRSR



For "relatively overcast cases" only.



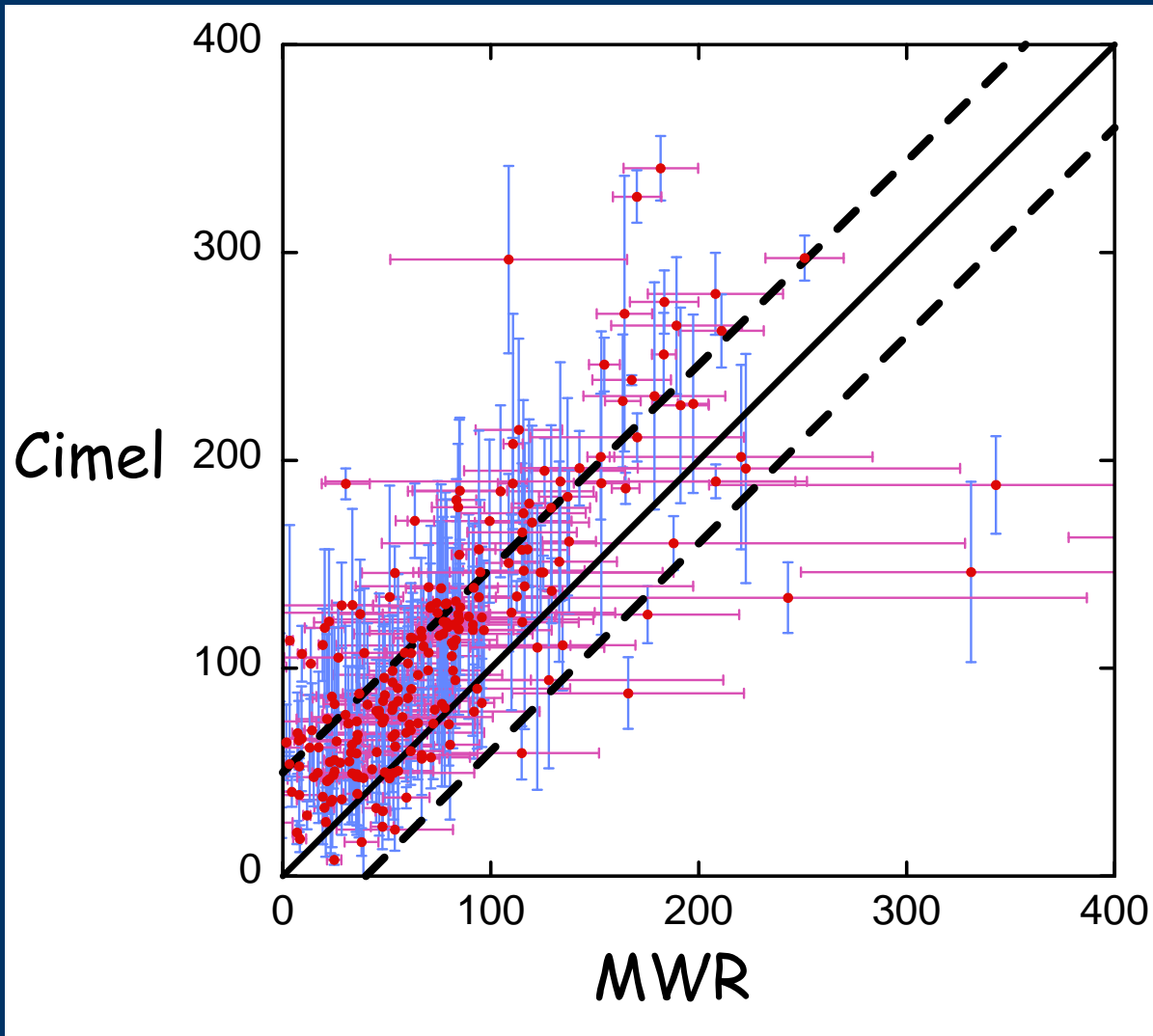
# Compare retrieved cloud optical depths to those from MODIS



	Mean
Cimel	30
MODIS	23

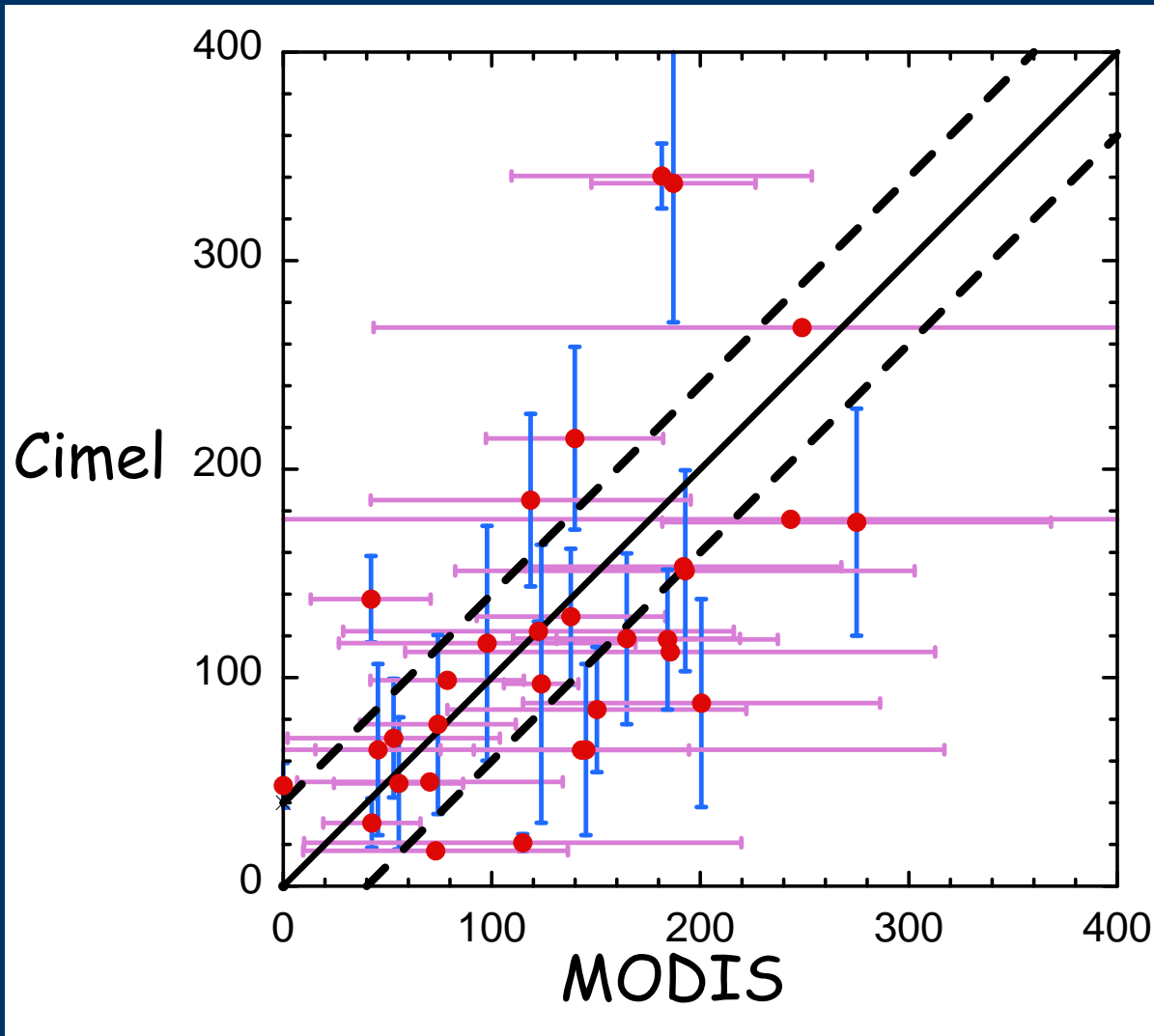
	Deviation
Cimel	18
MODIS	15

# Compare retrieved liquid water paths to those from the ARM MWR



	Mean
Cimel	112
MWR	80
	Deviation
Cimel	63
MWR	64

# Compare retrieved liquid water paths to those from MODIS



	Mean
Cimel	125
MODIS	136

	Deviation
Cimel	82
MODIS	65

# Summary

- Clouds in COPS were far from the idealized homogeneous 1D clouds assumed by most retrieval method.
- Our method using zenith radiance performed quite well in retrieving cloud optical depth and liquid water path.
- Intercomparisons between our method, the microwave radiometer, the MFRSR flux method, and MODIS retrievals are reasonably satisfactory.